# STATE OF CONNECTICUT

### **House of Representatives**

General Assembly

File No. 568

January Session, 2013

Substitute House Bill No. 5598

House of Representatives, April 18, 2013

The Committee on Planning and Development reported through REP. ROJAS of the 9th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

AN ACT CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND THE DISPOSITION OF SURPLUS STATE PROPERTY, SHORT TERM EMERGENCY LEASES, THE DEFINITION OF EXECUTIVE SESSION AND DUPLICATIVE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL INTEREST.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 4b-21 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- state institution, the State Board of Education or the Commissioner of
  Correction may, subject to the provisions of section 4b-23, purchase or
  acquire for the state, through the Commissioner of Administrative
  Services, any land or interest therein if such action seems advisable to

(a) When the General Assembly is not in session, the trustees of any

- 8 protect the state's interest or to effect a needed economy, and may,
- 9 subject to the provisions of said section, contract through the
- 10 Commissioner of Administrative Services for the sale or exchange of
- 11 any land or interest therein belonging to the state except that The

12 University of Connecticut may purchase or acquire for the state and 13 may dispose of or exchange any land or interest therein directly. When 14 the General Assembly is not in session, the Commissioner of 15 Administrative Services, with the approval of the State Properties 16 Review Board, may give or obtain an option upon any land or interest 17 therein which is not under the control of the trustees of any state 18 institution, the State Board of Education or the Commissioner of 19 Correction when such action seems advisable, and such option shall 20 remain in force until the fifteenth day of August following the next 21 session of the General Assembly.

(b) Any state agency, department or institution having custody and control of land, an improvement to land or interest in land, belonging to the state, shall inform the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the municipality where the land is located, in writing, not less than six months before the date when the agency, department or institution anticipates such land, improvement or interest or any part thereof is not needed by the agency, department or institution. Upon receipt of such notification, the secretary, [shall arrange for such agency, department or institution to forthwith transfer custody and control of such land, improvement or interest to at his or her discretion, shall determine whether the agency, department or institution shall retain custody and control of such land improvement or interest, or whether such responsibility shall be transferred to the Department of Administrative Services, along with [adequate funding for] any available funds specifically related to the personnel and other operating expenses required for the maintenance of such land, improvement or interest, and shall notify all state agencies, departments and institutions that such land, improvement or interest is available. [Within ninety]

(c) Not later than thirty days [of] after receipt of such notification from the secretary, [any] the following agencies shall determine and notify the secretary in writing if the land, improvement or interest serves the following needs: (1) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development, whether it can be used or adapted for

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economic development or exchanged for property that can be used for 46 47 economic development, used as an emergency shelter or transitional 48 living facility for homeless persons, or used for the construction, 49 rehabilitation or renovation of housing for persons and families of low 50 and moderate income; (2) the Commissioner of Transportation, 51 whether it can be used for transportation purposes; (3) the 52 Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection, whether it can 53 be used for open space purposes or to otherwise support the 54 department's mission; (4) the Commissioner of Agriculture, whether it 55 can be used for farming or agricultural purposes; (5) the Commissioner 56 of Veterans' Affairs, whether it can be used for veterans' housing; (6) 57 the Commissioner of Children and Families, whether it can be used to 58 support the department's mission; (7) the Commissioner 59 Developmental Services, whether it can be used to support the 60 department's mission; and (8) the Commissioner of Administrative 61 Services, whether it can be used to house state agencies or leased. Any 62 state agency, department or institution that is interested in utilizing the 63 land, improvement or interest shall submit a plan to the secretary that 64 sets forth the proposed use for the land, improvement or interest and a 65 budget and timetable for such use. [If the Commissioner of Economic 66 Community Development determines that such 67 improvement or interest can be utilized or adapted for use as an 68 emergency shelter or transitional living facility for homeless persons or 69 can be utilized or exchanged for property which can be utilized for the 70 construction, rehabilitation or renovation of housing for persons and 71 families of low and moderate income, said commissioner may (1) 72 within such ninety-day period, submit to the secretary, in lieu of such 73 plan, a preliminary plan indicating that the land, improvement or 74 interest can be utilized, adapted or exchanged for such housing 75 purposes and stating the type of housing that is planned and (2) within 76 six months after the end of such ninety-day period, submit a 77 comprehensive plan for the development of such housing to the 78 secretary, in a form prescribed by the secretary. If the Commissioner of 79 Economic and Community Development submits preliminary and 80 comprehensive plans to the secretary within such periods, the agency,

department or institution having custody and control of the land, improvement or interest shall transfer custody and control to the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development in accordance with such procedures as the secretary may prescribe. If (A) the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development does not submit a preliminary plan to the secretary within such ninety-day period or so submits a preliminary plan but does not submit a comprehensive plan to the secretary within such six-month period, and (B)] If one or more agencies, departments or institutions submit a plan for such land, improvement or interest to the secretary within such [ninety-day] thirty-day period, the secretary shall analyze such agency, department or institution plan or plans and determine whether [(i)] custody and control of the land, improvement or interest shall be transferred to one of such agencies, departments or institutions, in which case the agency, department or institution having custody of the land, improvement or interest shall make such transfer. [, or (ii) the land, improvement or interest shall be treated as surplus.]

[(c)] (d) If the secretary determines that such land, improvement or interest or part thereof was purchased or improved with proceeds of tax exempt obligations issued or to be issued by the state, the secretary shall notify the Treasurer. If the secretary determines that such land, improvement, interest or part thereof may properly be treated as surplus, [he] the secretary shall hold an informational public meeting in the municipality where the land, improvement or interest is located to inform the public about the process for the disposition of surplus property, to provide a description of the land, improvement or interest at issue, to inform the public of its right to submit written comments under section 4b-47, as amended by this act, and to allow members of the public the opportunity to comment at the meeting. After holding such meeting, the secretary shall notify the Commissioner of Administrative Services [. If the secretary also determines that such land, improvement or interest or part thereof was purchased or improved with proceeds of tax exempt obligations issued or to be issued by the state, he shall also notify the Treasurer. The of the

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secretary's determination that such land, improvement or interest maybe treated as surplus.

(e) After receiving notification from the secretary that such land, improvement or interest may be treated as surplus, the Commissioner of Administrative Services shall offer to transfer such land, improvement or interest to the municipality in which the land, improvement or interest is located, provided (1) prior to such transfer, the municipality by vote of its legislative body accepts such transfer, and (2) a resolution of such municipal action, verified by the clerk of the municipality, is delivered to the Commissioner of Administrative Services not more than one hundred twenty days after receiving notice from the commissioner regarding the proposed transfer. If the municipality fails to deliver such resolution to the commissioner within such one-hundred-twenty-day period, the municipality shall be deemed to have declined the proposed transfer, provided the commissioner may extend the one-hundred-twenty-day period deadline by not more than an additional sixty days. The municipality shall waive all rights to purchase the land, improvement, interest or part thereof if the municipality declines or is deemed to have declined the transfer of such land, improvement, interest or part thereof.

(f) If the municipality declines or is deemed to have declined the transfer of the property, the Commissioner of Administrative Services may sell, exchange or lease, or enter into agreements concerning, such land, improvement, interest or part thereof, after (1) notifying (A) the municipality or municipalities in which such land, improvement or interest is located, (B) the members of the General Assembly representing such municipality or municipalities, (C) the regional planning organization, as defined in section 4-124i, of the region where the land, improvement or interest is located, (D) the Connecticut Economic Resource Center, and [(C)] (E) any potential developer of an incentive housing development, as defined in section 8-13m, who has registered with the Commissioner of Economic and Community Development to be notified of any such state surplus land, and (2) obtaining the approval of (A) the Secretary of the Office of Policy and

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Management, (B) the State Properties Review Board, and (C) the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to (i) state revenue, and (ii) the purchase and sale of state property and facilities, and (3) if such land, improvement, interest or part thereof was purchased or improved with proceeds of taxexempt obligations issued or to be issued by the state, obtaining the approval of the Treasurer. The Treasurer may disapprove such a transaction only if the transaction would affect the tax-exempt status of such obligations and could not be modified to maintain such taxexempt status. If a proposed agreement for such a conveyance has not been submitted to the State Properties Review Board within [three years] one year after the Commissioner of Administrative Services provides such notice to such municipality and such members of the General Assembly, or if the board does not approve the proposed agreement within [five] two years after such notice, the Commissioner of Administrative Services may not convey such land, improvement or interest without again so notifying such municipality and such members of the General Assembly.

(g) In the case of a proposed lease of land, an improvement to land or an interest in land, or any part thereof, with a person, firm or corporation in the private sector, for a term of six months or more, the Commissioner of Administrative Services shall comply with such notice requirement by notifying in writing the chief executive officer of the municipality in which the land, improvement or interest is located and the members of the General Assembly representing such municipality, not less than two weeks before seeking the approval of said secretary, board and committees, concerning the proposed lease and the manner in which the lessee proposes to use the land, improvement or interest. [Each agency, department or institution which informs the secretary that any land, improvement or interest in land is not needed shall retain responsibility for its security and maintenance until the Commissioner of Administrative Services receives custody and control of the property, if any.]

(h) The Treasurer shall execute and deliver any deed or instrument

necessary to convey the title to any property the sale or exchange of which or a contract for the sale or exchange of which is authorized by this section.

- [(d)] (i) Upon approval of the proposed action of the Commissioner of Administrative Services by said secretary and board, said commissioner shall request approval of such action by the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to state revenue and the purchase and sale of state property and facilities. Each committee shall have not more than thirty days from the date such request is received to convene a meeting to vote to approve or disapprove such action or to notify the Commissioner of Administrative Services, in writing, that it is waiving its right to convene a meeting. If such request is withdrawn, altered, amended or otherwise changed, said commissioner shall resubmit such request, and each committee shall have not more than thirty days from the date of such resubmittal to convene a meeting to vote to approve or disapprove such action or to notify the Commissioner of Administrative Services, in writing, that it is waiving its right to convene a meeting. If a committee does not act on a request or the resubmittal of a request, as the case may be, within [that time] such thirty-day period, the request shall be deemed to be approved by the committee.
- [(e) No] (j) Except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, no provision of this section shall be construed to limit, supersede or repeal any other provision of law relating to the powers or duties of any state agency.
- [(f)] (k) The requirements of subsections (b) to [(d)] (i), inclusive, of this section shall not apply to land which the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection has acquired pursuant to 42 USC 9601 et seq., the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended, (CERCLA).
- Sec. 2. Section 3-14b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):

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Prior to the sale of any parcel of land, or a portion thereof owned by the state, except a transfer or conveyance to the party against whom foreclosure was taken or who conveyed to the state in lieu of foreclosure under the provisions of section 17b-138, or as provided in subsection (g) of this section, the state agency, department or institution responsible for the sale of such land shall first notify, in writing, the chief executive officer or officers of the municipality in which such land is situated and the affected state representative and state senator for such municipality of the state's intention to sell such land, and no agreement to sell such land may be entered into or sale may be made by the state except as follows:

- (a) Not later than forty-five days after such notice has been so given, such chief executive officer or officers may give written notice to the state of the municipality's desire to purchase such land and shall have the right to purchase the interest in the land which the state has declared its intent to sell, subject to conditions of sale acceptable to the state.
- (b) If the chief executive officer or officers of the municipality fail to give notice, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, or give notice to the state of the municipality's desire not to purchase such land, such municipality shall have waived its right to purchase the land in accordance with the terms of this section.
- (c) Not later than sixty days after notice has been given by the municipality of its desire to purchase such land, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, the state acting through the state agency, department or institution shall sell such land to the municipality, provided the state and the municipality agree upon the conditions of sale and the amount to be paid therefor.
- (d) If the municipality fails to purchase such land not later than sixty days after notice has been given by the municipality of its desire to purchase the land, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, such municipality shall have waived rights to purchase the land in accordance with the terms of this section, subject to the provisions of

subsection (e) of this section.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (b) and (d) of this section, if the state thereafter proposes to sell such land to any person upon terms different from those offered to the municipality, the state shall first notify the municipality of such proposal, in the manner provided in subsection (a) of this section, and of the terms of such proposed sale, and such municipality shall have the option to purchase such land upon such terms and may thereupon, in the same manner and within the same time limitations as are provided in subsections (a) and (c) of this section, proceed to purchase such land.

- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, the towns of Preston and Norwich shall retain any right provided for by this section with regard to the property known as the Norwich State Hospital property, provided the Commissioner of Administrative Services determines that such towns continue to make good faith efforts to purchase such property and have otherwise complied with the provisions of this section.
- 267 (g) The provisions of this section shall not apply to the sale or 268 transfer of land, an interest in land or an improvement to land under 269 the provisions of section 4b-21, as amended by this act.
- Sec. 3. Subsection (c) of section 4b-47 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2013):
- (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to:
  - (1) Limit the applicability of sections 22a-1a to 22a-1i, inclusive, with respect to the sale or transfer of state land or any interest in state land, except that if an environmental impact evaluation was prepared pursuant to sections 22a-1b and 22a-1c or an environmental statement was prepared for such state land or interest in state land pursuant to any other state or federal law or regulation, as specified in section 22a-1f, such state agency, department or institution shall be exempt from

the notice and public comment requirements set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section;

- 283 (2) Affect any purchase and sale agreement entered into between 284 the state and any second party that was in effect prior to October 1, 285 2007, or any subsequent sale, transfer, easement, lease or other such 286 agreement made pursuant to any such purchase and sale agreement;
- 287 (3) Apply to the conveyance of any parcel of state land or any interest in state land pursuant to an act of the General Assembly;
- 289 (4) Apply to the sale or transfer of state lands between state 290 agencies;
- 291 (5) Apply to any easement that is granted to a municipality or a 292 regulated utility or utilities that (A) primarily benefits the state or an 293 agency or institution of the state, (B) is ordered as the result of a state 294 or federal regulatory process or proceeding, or (C) is necessary as a 295 result of the construction or reconstruction of any Department of 296 Transportation highway or facility;
- 297 (6) Apply to the sale or transfer of state land or an interest in state land that was designated as surplus, pursuant to subsections (b) [and (c)] to (h), inclusive, of section 4b-21, as amended by this act, prior to October 1, 2007, provided the provisions of this section were complied with at the time of such designation;
- (7) Apply to the transfer of ten acres or less by the Department ofTransportation or the Department of Education;
- 304 (8) Limit state agency or public comments to a particular subject 305 matter area;
- 306 (9) Limit the publication of any public notifications, comments or 307 reports that are required under this section solely to the Environmental 308 Monitor; or
- 309 (10) Limit the solicitation of public comment solely to the

310 Environmental Monitor.

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Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 8-37y of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 313 1, 2013):

(a) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development may, with the approval of the Commissioner of Administrative Services, the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the State Properties Review Board, sell, exchange, lease or enter into agreements concerning any real property, as defined in section 8-39, belonging to the state and transferred to the custody and control of the Department of Economic and Community Development under the provisions of [subsection] <u>subsections</u> (b) <u>and (c)</u> of section 4b-21, <u>as</u> amended by this act. The commissioner shall require, as a condition of any sale, exchange, lease or agreement entered into pursuant to this section, that such real property be used only for an emergency shelter or transitional living facility for homeless persons or for the provision of low and moderate income housing, including, but not limited to, the construction, rehabilitation or renovation of housing for persons and families of low and moderate income, except that such condition, in the discretion of the commissioner, may be subordinated in the case of a subsequent first mortgage or a requirement of a governmental program relating to such real property, and except that in the case of an exchange of real property, the commissioner (1) shall require that the parcel received by the commissioner, as a condition of such exchange, shall be suitable for an emergency shelter or transitional living facility for homeless persons or for the construction, rehabilitation or renovation of housing for persons and families of low and moderate income, and (2) shall release any restrictions required to be imposed by this subsection on the parcel transferred by the commissioner. Prior to any such sale, exchange, lease or agreement, the commissioner shall notify the chief executive officer or officers of the municipality or municipalities in which such real property is located. No such real property may be sold, exchanged or leased by the commissioner under this subsection without the approval of the

344 municipality or municipalities in which the real property is located.

- Sec. 5. Section 17a-27b of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes or
- regulations adopted thereunder or any public or special act, the
- 349 Connecticut Juvenile Training School project, as defined in subsection
- 350 (k) of section 4b-55, shall be exempt from the provisions of subsections
- 351 (b) [, (c) and (d)] to (i), inclusive, of section 4b-21, as amended by this
- 352 <u>act,</u> sections 4b-23, 4b-28, 14-311, 16a-31, 16a-38, 22-6, 22a-6, 22a-12,
- 353 22a-14 to 22a-20, inclusive, 22a-39, 25-32 and 29-406 and chapter 54.
- Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) Notwithstanding the provisions
- of sections 4b-3 and 4b-23 of the general statutes, the Commissioner of
- 356 Administrative Services may enter into a lease having a term of not
- 357 more than twelve months without obtaining the approval of the Office
- 358 of Policy and Management and the State Properties Review Board,
- 359 provided the Governor declares (1) an emergency exists because a state
- 360 facility has been damaged, destroyed or otherwise rendered unusable
- 361 due to any cause, (2) such emergency would adversely affect public
- 362 safety or the proper conduct of essential state government operations,
- and (3) the state has an immediate need to acquire alternative space.
- Sec. 7. Subdivision (6) of section 1-200 of the general statutes is
- repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from*
- 366 passage):
- 367 (6) "Executive sessions" means a meeting of a public agency at
- 368 which the public is excluded for one or more of the following
- 369 purposes: (A) Discussion concerning the appointment, employment,
- 370 performance, evaluation, health or dismissal of a public officer or
- employee, provided that such individual may require that discussion
- be held at an open meeting; (B) strategy and negotiations with respect
- 373 to pending claims or pending litigation to which the public agency or a
- 374 member thereof, because of the member's conduct as a member of such
- 375 agency, is a party until such litigation or claim has been finally

adjudicated or otherwise settled; (C) matters concerning security strategy or the deployment of security personnel, or devices affecting public security; (D) discussion of the selection of a site or the lease, sale or purchase of real estate by the state or a political subdivision of the state when publicity regarding such site, lease, sale, purchase or construction would [cause a likelihood of increased price] adversely impact the price of such site, lease, sale, purchase or construction until such time as all of the property has been acquired or all proceedings or transactions concerning same have been terminated or abandoned; and (E) discussion of any matter which would result in the disclosure of public records or the information contained therein described in subsection (b) of section 1-210.

- Sec. 8. Section 4b-4 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 390 (a) No nonclerical employee in the unit in the Department of 391 Administrative Services that is responsible for acquiring, leasing and 392 selling real property on behalf of the state shall be directly involved in 393 any enterprise that does business with the state or be directly or 394 indirectly involved in any enterprise concerned with real estate 395 acquisition or development. Each member of the State Properties 396 Review Board [shall file, with the State Properties Review Board and 397 with the Office of State Ethics, and each such employee of the 398 Department of Administrative Services shall file, [with the Department 399 of Administrative Services and with the Office of State Ethics, a 400 statement of financial interests pursuant to the provisions of section 1-401 83.
- 402 (b) The provisions of sections 1-82, 1-82a and 1-88 shall apply to any 403 alleged violation of this section.
- Sec. 9. Section 4a-1a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2013*):
- 406 (a) (1) Wherever the term "Commissioner of Public Works" or 407 "Public Works Commissioner" is used in the following sections of the

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general statutes, the term "Commissioner of Administrative Services" 408 409 shall be substituted in lieu thereof; and (2) wherever the term 410 "Department of Public Works" is used in the following sections of the general statutes, the term "Department of Administrative Services" 411 412 shall be substituted in lieu thereof: 1-205, 1-210, 2-71h, 3-10, 3-14b, as 413 amended by this act, 4-87, 4b-2, 4b-4, as amended by this act, 4b-12, 4b-414 13, 4b-17, 4b-21, as amended by this act, 4b-24a, 4b-25, 4b-27, 4b-29, 4b-415 30, 4b-30a, 4b-33, 4b-34, 4b-35, 4b-46, 4b-65, 4b-67, 4b-68, 4b-69, 4b-71, 416 4b-72, 4b-73, 4b-74, 4b-130, 4b-132, 8-37y, as amended by this act, 10a-417 89, 10a-150, 13a-80i, 13b-42, 13b-55, 16a-38h, 17b-655, [18-31b,] 20-68, 418 20-311b, 20-503, 22a-324, 31-250, 32-6, 32-228, 45a-80, 46a-29, 51-27a, 51-419 27c, 51-27d, 51-51k and 51-279.

(b) The Legislative Commissioners' Office shall, in codifying the provisions of this section, make such technical, grammatical and punctuation changes as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this section.

Sec. 10. Section 18-31b of the general statutes is repealed. (*Effective July 1, 2013*)

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:				
sections.				
Section 1	July 1, 2013	4b-21		
Sec. 2	July 1, 2013	3-14b		
Sec. 3	July 1, 2013	4b-47(c)		
Sec. 4	July 1, 2013	8-37y(a)		
Sec. 5	July 1, 2013	17a-27b		
Sec. 6	from passage	New section		
Sec. 7	from passage	1-200(6)		
Sec. 8	from passage	4b-4		
Sec. 9	July 1, 2013	4a-1a		
Sec. 10	July 1, 2013	Repealer section		

GAE Joint Favorable Subst. C/R

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PD Joint Favorable

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

### **OFA Fiscal Note**

### State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 14 \$	FY 15 \$
Various State Agencies	Various -	Minimal	Minimal
	Potential Savings		
Dept. of Administrative Services	Various -	See Below	See Below
	Potential Cost		

### Municipal Impact: None

### Explanation

The bill makes various changes to the state's surplus property disposition process. Streamlining the disposition process is anticipated to result in minimal savings associated with reduced costs for security and property maintenance.

The bill also allows the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) to enter into leases of up to one year in certain emergency situations, without the Office of Policy and Management or State Properties Review Board approval. This may result in short term increased costs to secure an alternative space. However, this potential impact may be mitigated by minimizing disruption to agency operations.

The bill also makes various changes which have no fiscal impact on the state or municipalities.

#### The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to inflation.

### OLR Bill Analysis sHB 5598

AN ACT CONCERNING THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND THE DISPOSITION OF SURPLUS STATE PROPERTY, SHORT TERM EMERGENCY LEASES, THE DEFINITION OF EXECUTIVE SESSION AND DUPLICATIVE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL INTEREST.

### **SUMMARY:**

This bill modifies the process for disposing of surplus state property. Among other things, it:

- 1. requires state agencies to give the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) secretary and affected municipality at least six months' notice of property that is expected to become surplus;
- 2. requires various commissioners, within 30 days of receiving notice from OPM, to advise the secretary of the property's potential use for their agencies' purposes;
- 3. requires the secretary, if the property is declared surplus, to hold a public hearing in the affected municipality;
- gives the affected municipality a one-time opportunity to receive the property (presumably for no cost), but removes the municipality's ability to match later offers made by other parties;
- 5. requires that notice of available property also be given to the Connecticut Economic Resource Center and the applicable regional planning organization;
- 6. requires that municipalities receive more frequent updates on a property's status; and

7. repeals a separate process for disposing of certain surplus Department of Correction (DOC) property.

Additionally, the bill allows the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) to enter into leases of up to one year in certain emergency situations without OPM or State Properties Review Board (SPRB) approval. It extends to state agencies a Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) provision that allows political subdivisions to hold executive sessions to discuss real estate transactions or site selections.

The bill eliminates a requirement that SPRB members and nonclerical employees in DAS's unit that acquires, leases, and sells real property file a statement of financial interests with SPRB or DAS as appropriate. It maintains the requirement that these members and employees file such a statement with the Office of State Ethics (§ 8).

Lastly, the bill makes technical and conforming changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2013, except that the FOIA and leasing provisions are effective upon passage.

## §§ 1, 2, & 10 — SURPLUS PROPERTY DISPOSITION Notice of Surplus Property

The bill requires state agencies, departments, and institutions (agencies) to give the OPM secretary written notice at least six months before they anticipate that they will no longer need land, or an improvement to or interest in land (property), in their custody and control. Under current law, agencies do not notify OPM of available property until they determine that it is no longer needed. The bill also requires the agency to notify the municipality in which the property is located at the same time it notifies OPM.

Under current law, upon receiving notice of surplus property, the OPM secretary must arrange for custody and control of the property to be transferred to DAS, along with adequate funding for personnel and other operating expenses required to maintain the property. The bill instead gives the secretary discretion to decide whether to (1) transfer

the property to DAS or (2) require the agency to maintain custody and control. It also specifies that the funding includes, at the secretary's discretion, any available funds for maintenance purposes, rather than adequate funding.

By law, the OPM secretary must notify all state agencies of the available property. Currently, an agency that is interested in the property, upon receiving this notice, has 90 days to submit to the secretary a plan for its use. The bill shortens this period to 30 days.

### Use by Other State Agencies

Under current law, the Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD) has the right of first refusal for available state property and must be given custody and control of a property if the department:

- 1. determines that the property can be (a) used for an emergency shelter or a transitional living facility for homeless people or (b) used or exchanged for property that can be used for the construction, rehabilitation, or renovation of housing for low- or moderate-income individuals or families;
- 2. submits to OPM a preliminary plan for the property within 90 days after receiving notification of the property's availability; and
- 3. submits to OPM a comprehensive plan for the property within six months after the 90-day period ends.

The bill eliminates this right of first refusal. It instead requires the commissioners of the following agencies to notify the OPM secretary in writing, no later than 30 days after receiving notice from the secretary, if the land, improvement, or interest serves the following needs:

1. DECD, whether, in addition to the above possible uses, it can be used or adapted for economic development or exchanged for

property that can be used for economic development;

- 2. the Department of Transportation, transportation purposes;
- 3. the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, open space purposes or otherwise support the department's mission;
- 4. the Department of Agriculture, farming or agricultural purposes;
- 5. the Department of Veterans' Affairs, veterans' housing;
- 6. the departments of Children and Families and Developmental Services, to support their missions; and
- 7. DAS, to house state agencies or to be leased.

The bill does not require the secretary to give these possible uses preference over plans submitted by other agencies. By law, if one or more agencies submit a plan for the property, the secretary must determine whether to transfer the property to one of those agencies or treat it as surplus.

### Transfer to Affected Municipality

Under current law, if a property is determined to be surplus, the state must first offer to sell it to the municipality in which it is located, subject to conditions of sale acceptable to the state. The bill instead requires that the state offer to transfer the property (presumably at no cost) to the municipality.

Under the bill, the OPM secretary must first hold an informational public meeting in the municipality in which the property is located. The meeting must describe the property and the disposition process, allow public comment, and inform the public of its right to submit written comments to the secretary, including comments on the land's natural or recreational resources.

The bill requires the secretary, after the meeting, to notify the DAS commissioner that the property may be treated as surplus. The

commissioner must then offer to transfer the property to the municipality.

Under the bill, the municipality has 120 days from receiving this notification to accept the transfer, but the DAS commissioner can extend this period by up to 60 days. To accept the property, the municipality must (1) by a vote of its legislative body, accept the transfer and (2) deliver a resolution of the action, verified by the municipal clerk, to the commissioner. If the municipality does not act within the specified time period, it is deemed to have declined the transfer.

Under current law, if the municipality declines to purchase surplus property, it retains the right to purchase it later by matching the terms of a proposed sale to another entity, so long as those terms are different from those offered to the municipality. The bill eliminates this right by specifying that the municipality waives all rights to purchase the property if it declines or is deemed to decline the transfer.

#### Sale to Other Entities

Under current law, the DAS commissioner may sell, exchange, lease or enter into agreements concerning surplus property after notifying (1) the municipality where it is located, (2) the state legislators who represent the municipality, and (3) potential incentive housing developers who have registered with DECD. The bill requires the commissioner to also notify the (1) regional planning organization of the region where the property is located and (2) Connecticut Economic Resource Center. By law, regional planning organizations include regional councils of government, regional councils of elected officials, and regional planning agencies.

The bill also requires that municipalities and their state legislators receive more frequent updates on a property's status. Under current law, if a proposed agreement for a surplus property is not (1) submitted to SPRB within three years of notifying the municipality and its state legislators or (2) approved by SPRB within five years of this

notice, the municipality and its legislators must be re-notified of its availability. The bill shortens these periods to one year and two years, respectively.

### Legislative Approval

By law, the DAS commissioner must submit sales of surplus state property to the legislature's Finance and Government Administration and Elections committees. The committees have 30 days from receipt of an agreement to approve or disapprove it; the agreement is deemed approved if the committees do not act within this time. The bill allows the committees to notify the DAS commissioner, in writing, that they waive their right to convene a meeting concerning the sale.

### Surplus DOC Property

The bill repeals a separate process for disposing of surplus community correctional center properties, thus subjecting them to the above process. Under the separate process, if DOC declares that a community correctional center is surplus, the property must first be offered, for no cost, to either the municipality or its redevelopment agency. If the transfer is declined, the property must be auctioned to the highest bidder.

### § 6 — EMERGENCY LEASES

By law, most proposed leases by state agencies must be (1) included in the State Facilities Plan, which the OPM secretary develops and (2) approved by SPRB. The bill allows DAS to enter into leases of up to one year, without OPM or SPRB approval, if the governor declares that (1) an emergency exists because a state facility has been damaged, destroyed, or otherwise rendered unusable; (2) the emergency would adversely affect public safety or the proper conduct of essential state government operations; and (3) the state has an immediate need to acquire alternative space.

### § 7 — FOIA

Under FOIA, political subdivisions can meet in executive session to discuss the selection of a site or the lease, sale, or purchase of real

estate if publicity surrounding the selection or transaction is likely to cause a price increase. The provision applies until all of the property has been acquired or all proceedings or transactions have been terminated or abandoned.

The bill instead specifies that an executive session is permitted when the publicity would adversely impact the price of the site, lease, sale, purchase, or construction (e.g., an increased price if the agency is the buyer or a decreased price if the agency is the seller). Additionally, it extends to state agencies the ability to meet in executive session for these reasons.

### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

Government Administration and Elections Committee

Joint Favorable Substitute Change of Reference Yea 13 Nay 0 (03/04/2013)

Planning and Development Committee

Joint Favorable Yea 19 Nay 0 (04/01/2013)